TEXAS A&M TECHNOLOGY SUMMIT

Agile Methods

Jo Ann Kern and Robert Stack
Tarleton State University

All Things Agile

Source: Google Dictionary

ag·ile

adjective

- able to move quickly and easily.
 "Ruth was as agile as a monkey"
 synonyms: nimble, lithe, supple, limber, acrobatic, fleet-footed, light-footed, light on one's feet;
 More
- relating to or denoting a method of project management, used especially for software development, that is characterized by the division of tasks into short phases of work and frequent reassessment and adaptation of plans.

"agile methods replace high-level design with frequent redesign"



Small Manageable Chunks

Agile Methods

Scrum

Adaptive System Development

Feature Driven Development

Extreme
Programming (XP)
Kanban

DSDM

Crystal

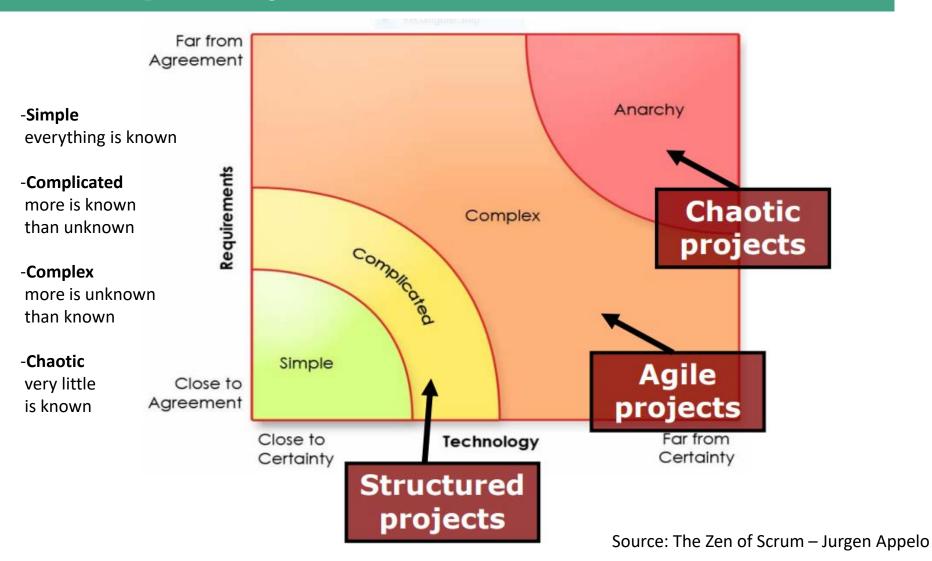
Agile Really Means.....

- Being Flexible and Adapting
- Evolving Change Iteratively
- Delivering Value Faster
- Realizing Results Faster
- Delivering in Iterations to reduce risk/cost

Definition of Scrum

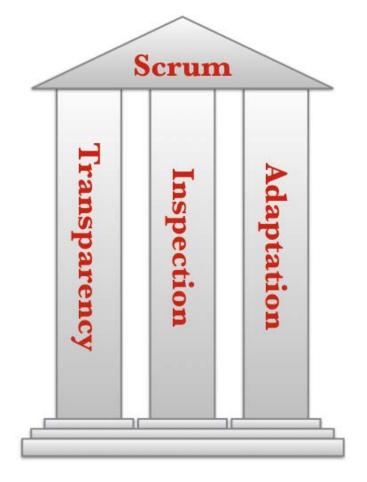


Complexity, the Mother of Invention



Empiricism

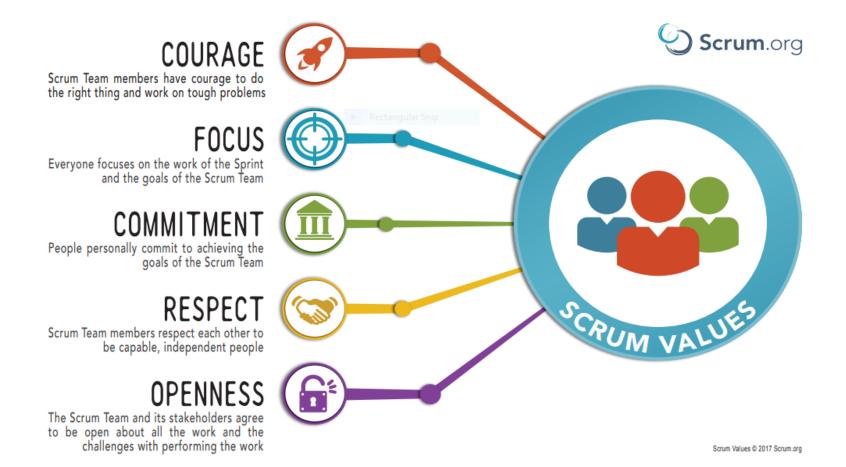
- Empiricism means working in a fact-based, experienced-based, and evidence based manor.
 Scrum implements an empirical process where progress is based on observations of reality, not fictitious plans.
- Transparency means presenting the facts as is.
- Inspection is on-going by all team members.
- Adaptation is about continuous improvement and the ability to adapt based on results of inspection.



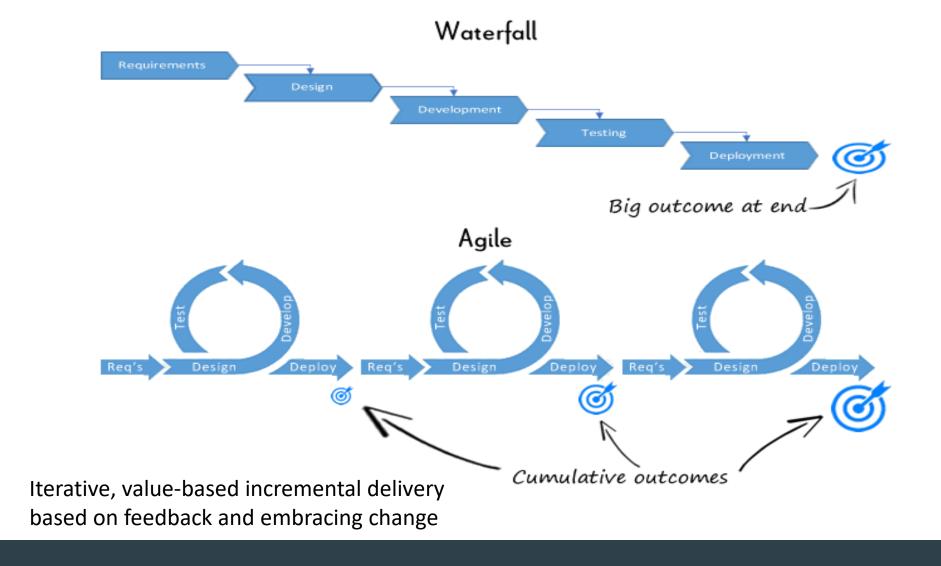
3 Pillars of Scrum

Source: Hiren Doshi, The Three Pillars of Empiricism (2016)

Scrum Values

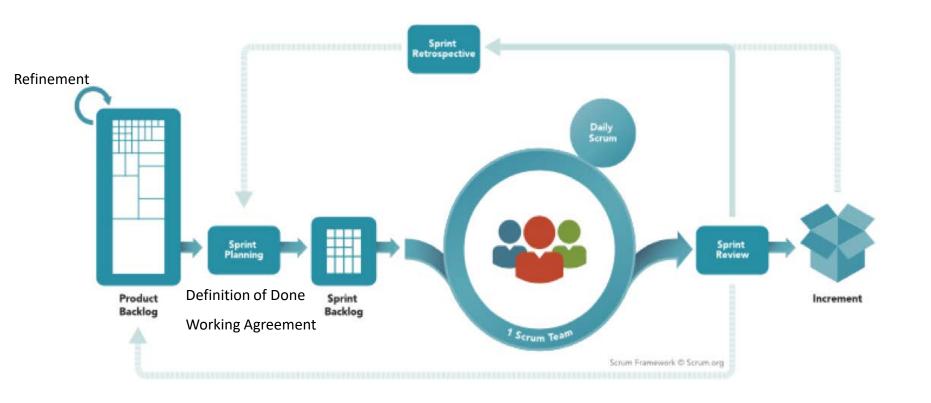


Scrum Delivers Frequently

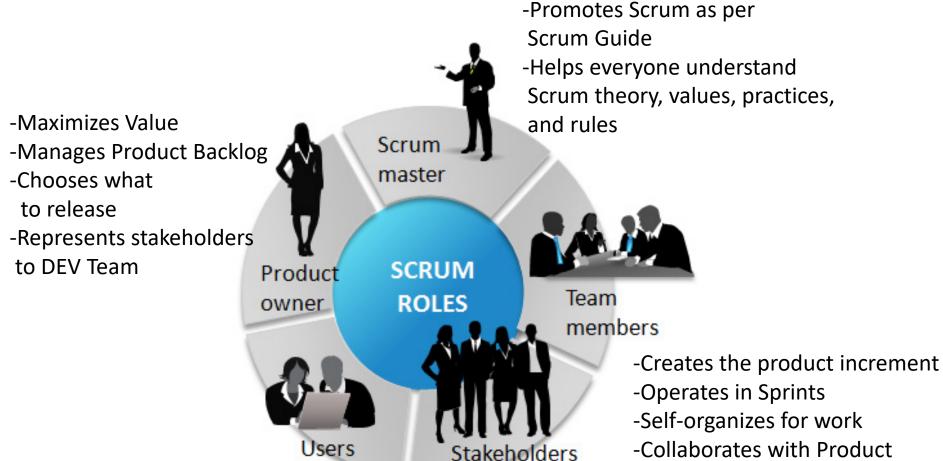


3 Roles, 5 Events, and 3 Artifiacts

SCRUM FRAMEWORK



Roles



Owner to maximize value

Events

Sprint planning: A team planning meeting that determines what to complete in the coming sprint.

Daily stand-up: Also known as a daily scrum, a 15-minute mini-meeting for the software team to sync.

Sprint review: A sharing meeting where the team shows what they've shipped in that sprint.

Sprint retrospective: A review of what did and didn't go well with actions to make the next



Artifacts

Product Backlog: The Product Backlog is an ordered list of everything that might be needed in the product and is the single source of requirements for any changes to be made to the product.

The Product Backlog lists all features, functions, requirements, enhancements, and fixes that constitute the changes to be made to the product in the future releases.

Sprint Backlog: The Sprint Backlog is the set of Product Backlog items selected for the Sprint plus a plan for delivering the product Increment and realizing the Sprint Goal.

Increment:

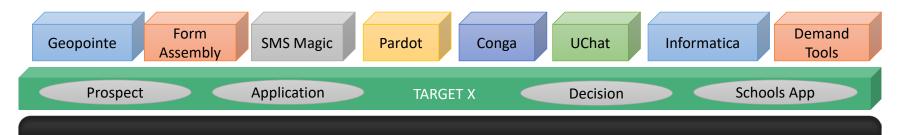
The Increment is the sum of all the Product Backlog items completed during a Sprint and all previous Sprints. At the end of a Sprint, the new Increment must be "Done."



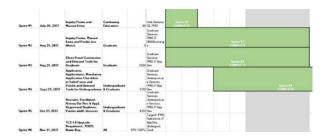
Agile Approach for TargetX

Tarleton State University

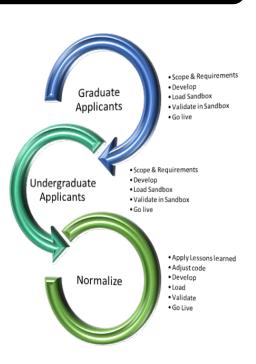
Agile Approach to CRM



SALESFORCE PLATFORM



- Iterative Sprints
 - Duration of 30 days
 - Focus on specific data set (e.g., Applicants)
 - Sprint 1 Load graduate applicants
 - Sprint 2 Load undergraduate applicants
 - Sprint 3 normalize / apply lessons learned





Questions?

Please CHAT questions to ALL PANELISTS